# Learn to Read Genesis Effectively

# **Distance Learning Programme**

# Session 1



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# **SESSION 1**

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# Introduction

## Welcome!

Welcome to the "Learn to Read Genesis Effectively" Distance Learning Course.

We trust you found the "Learn to Read the Bible Effectively" course helpful and enjoyable. We shall be using the same study methods in this course.

This course has been designed to allow you to choose the depth of your study yourself depending on your current knowledge of the Bible and the time you have available for study.

As in the first course we shall be using *The New King James Version* of the Bible except where otherwise stated.

#### A basic assumption of this course

Before we describe the layout of the course let's just repeat the underlying assumption of the course, which is that **the Bible is the wholly inspired Word of God**. This means that God caused the Bible to be written and EVERY word of it is important. This is the position taken by the Lord Jesus Christ:

But He answered and said, "It is written, 'Man shall not live by bread alone, but by every word that proceeds from the mouth of God.'"

*Matthew 4 v 4* 

and we believe that it is only with this same attitude that we can learn to read the Bible effectively.

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### **Course structure**

This course has various features which you can use to help you study at the level you require:

- **Basic study notes** will lead you through a study of Genesis and help you to understand the book quickly, but you may miss out on some fascinating insights.
- **Question sheets** are included with sessions 6 and 12. These questions are intended to help you think about what you have learned.
- **Optional assignments** are included in the *basic study notes* at the end of each session to help you look a little more closely at a particular subject. Please feel free to send your conclusions to your tutor who will be willing to discuss them with you.
- Additional Notes and Cross-references are in separate booklets which you should have received with this session.

**Additional Notes** are further notes on issues arising from the *basic study notes*. They are referred to at the appropriate point in the *basic study notes*.

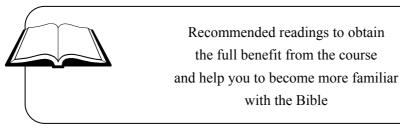
**Cross-references** are taken from *The Treasury of Scripture Knowledge\**. These references will allow you to do your own in-depth study of a particular verse or of a whole chapter if you so wish.

You can discuss your findings with your tutor by post or telephone.

\*The Treasury of Scripture Knowledge 1982 published by Hendrickson ISBN 0-917006-22-4

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Throughout the course we shall use the following symbols:





Major conclusions from the section under study



Questions to think about for a few minutes before moving on, or as starting points for further study



Cross-references which we suggest you look at. These are taken from *The Treasury of Scripture Knowledge*. If you have a Bible with other cross-references, look up those references as well



References where "Echoes" from the verse(s) mentioned may be found. Echoes are links between Bible verses not necessarily indicated by marginal cross-references. If you follow up these "echoes" it will help you understand what follows



Information from *Young's* and *Strong's Concordances*. Part of the entry for the particular word will be found at the end of the session, on the page number indicated

# Preparation and study methods

Remember to allow yourself time. Use a good translation (see the first course, session 9) and ask yourself questions about what you read. When you don't understand something, be patient, look up cross-references, use concordances, lexicons and other translations. Allow the Bible to interpret itself.

### An overview of Genesis

The book of Genesis is about beginnings, the beginnings of life on earth as we know it. It tells us of people, of sin and death and suffering, of languages and nations, of faith, of God's promises to men and women, and particularly of the nation of Israel. One of the main themes is the beginning and development of two ways of life – God's way and mankind's way. Because of this it is essential reading for everyone today.

Genesis is an account (from God's point of view) of the important incidents of the first two thousand years of human history. It includes:

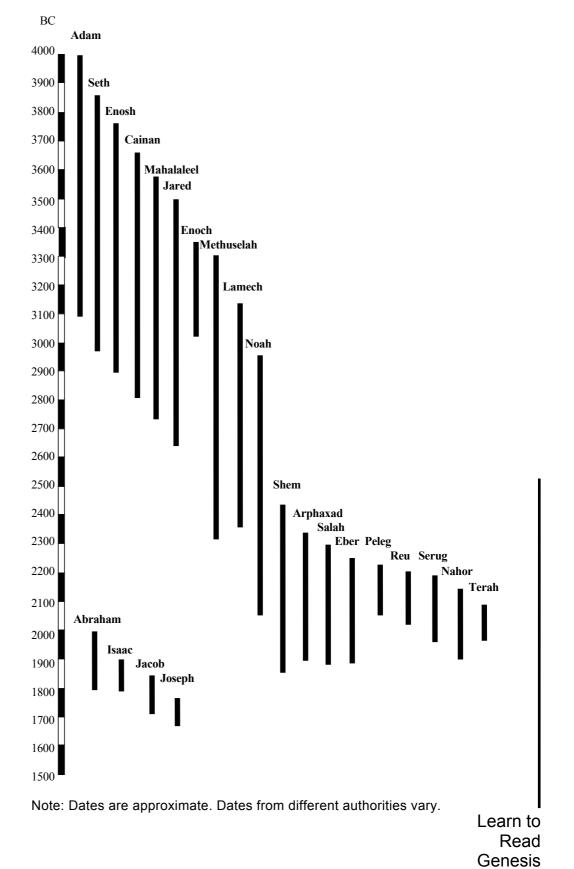
- the creation story
- the temptation and fall of Adam and Eve and their expulsion from the garden of Eden
- the subsequent decline of mankind into wickedness stopped only by the destruction of civilisation by the flood
- the call of Abram and how he went to the promised land
- the destruction of Sodom and Gomorrah because of their wickedness, and how Lot (Abram's nephew) and his daughters were saved
- the many difficulties Abram's grandson, Jacob experienced and the activities of his twelve sons
- the way in which Jacob and his whole family ended up in Egypt

In virtually every incident we can see a contrast between God's ways and those of men and women – then, and now!

The next book of the Bible, Exodus, explains how God rescued Jacob's descendants from Egypt.

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# **Genesis time line**

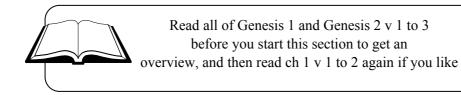


This time line will help you appreciate the time periods involved in the book of Genesis.

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# **Genesis 1 – Creation**

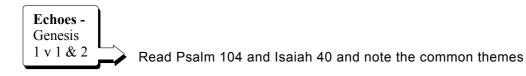


### Before the first day

1 v 1 In the beginning God created the heavens and the earth.

(1 v 1 indicates that the quote comes from Genesis chapter 1, verse 1)

The very first words of the Bible tell us that God was there at the beginning of things. In this He is unique and way beyond our experience and imagination. Other parts of the Bible tell us just how far superior to us God is. Does this mean that He is remote from us in every way?



If you have a Bible with cross-references, you can also look up the cross-references in these verses and see where they lead you.



What can we conclude from these chapters of Scripture?

We have listed two points below which we think you will agree with:



- God is infinitely superior to us
- God cannot be "defined" by beings with our limited
  understanding

We hope you agree that the implication of these points is that we should show considerable reverence for God and for His message to us. Hopefully you will also have noted that God is *not* far from mankind, despite all this.

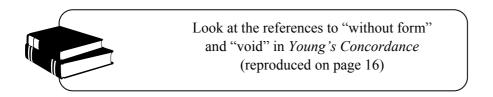
That first verse of the Bible goes on to tell us about the creation of heaven and earth.

- Are we told when the beginning was?
  - Are we told *how* God made everything?



- God in His wisdom tells us He created the earth but not how.
- He makes it an issue of faith, not intelligence!

1 v 2 The earth was without form, and void...



These words clearly indicate that the earth at that stage was totally barren and empty.

It does not give us any more details.

The Bible does not comment on:

- 1. How the earth came to be in this barren state
- 2. How long it was in this state
- 3. When all this happened

The Bible is tantalisingly silent on all of the issues which scientists talk about.

The second verse then tells us what happened to this barren earth:

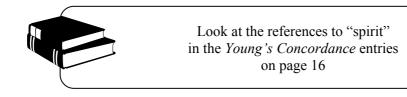
1 v 2 And the Spirit of God was hovering over the face of the waters.



What is meant by "spirit"?

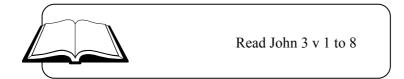
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There may be many words and phrases in the Bible which we do not fully understand. When we read them, we have only an indistinct idea of what they mean. However this is not just a problem when reading the Bible; it applies to other things we read as well. We usually get around this problem by skipping words we don't understand and hoping we'll get the "gist" of it from the rest of the sentence. It's generally not worth getting a dictionary out! When we are reading the Bible however it is always worth looking things up. It is part of our respect and reverence for God. So let's look up the word "spirit" in Young's Concordance:





Seeing that spirit can be translated "wind", there may be an "echo" in John chapter 3, the conversation between Jesus and Nicodemus:



In John chapter 3, Jesus is comparing "the spirit" with the wind: it is what *motivates* and moves people who are "born of the spirit". You see the results, but you don't see what drives them, just as you can't see the wind. This is how it was at creation. We have a picture in Genesis of God's limitless power acting to achieve creation.

In summary it appears that:



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- The word "spirit" is used in Genesis 1 to indicate God's "power" or "motivating force"
- In other parts of the Bible the word is also used in this sense of "motivation" or "drive", causing people to do things or make things happen
- God's motivating power was "hovering" ready to start its work
- Creation did not happen by chance God's power was in action

Learn to If you would like to learn more about the Bible use of the word "spirit", look at page 1 in the Additional Notes booklet. Genesis

### The days of creation

#### The first six days

1 v 3 Then God said ...

We could ask "who was God speaking to?"



It seems therefore that God used the angels to do His work of creation. If you wish to look more into the way the angels are involved in God's work, have a look at "The angels as God's agents" on page 4 of the *Additional Notes* booklet.

1 v 3 Then God said, "Let there be light"; and there was light.

The Bible does not say that light was "made" at creation. In fact light has always been wherever God is:



The creation story seems to be written from the point of view of someone standing on the earth at the time. It would then appear that the thickness of the cloud cover was reduced. This would enable the sun's light to be seen, resulting in the start of the day and night cycle, as verses 4 and 5 explain.

*1 v 5* So the evening and the morning were the first day.

There has been much discussion about how long these days of creation were. We look at some of the arguments on page 8 of the *Additional Notes* booklet.

The *New International Version* makes verses 6 to 8 clearer for us by saying that on the second day, God separated the water into that below and that above the "sky".

On the third day (verses 9 to 13) the sea and land were separated and plant life appeared.

If we read verses 11 and 12 carefully we can see something else. We are told that each plant and tree produced seed for the next generation "according to its kind". So an apple tree will always produce apples to make more apple trees. This is a universal law that applies to animals as well as plants. God has built this stability into His creation.

On the fourth day (verses 14 to 19) the sun, moon and stars appeared. If the idea about the clouds mentioned above is correct, then it seems probable that the cloud cover now broke for the first time revealing the sun and moon. The origin of the light which appeared on the first day could now be clearly seen.

#### 1 v 16 He made the stars also.

The mind boggles at this understatement. It is as though someone is describing how he made a bicycle, and then in passing says "Oh, I made a Jumbo Jet aeroplane as well!!" This type of understatement occurs quite often in the Bible and is evidence that the Bible was not written by man. In the Bible, highly dramatic events are often only mentioned in passing. On the other hand, we have the characters of individuals described in much more detail – their bad points as well as their good (see later in the course!). The Bible does this, we believe, because its purpose is to bring the message of the gospel to men and women, not to be a history book or thriller. Thus, we have many examples in the Bible of a different sort of "echo", the "echo" of God's inspiration. It is as if the Bible bears the fingerprints of God.

On the fifth day (verses 20 to 23) the flying and aquatic animals were created and commanded to multiply and fill their respective elements. Again there is a mention of the stability in creation – this time in the animals. They all reproduce "according to their kind".

On the sixth day (verses 24 to 31), the land animals were created, again each one reproducing according to its kind, and then we come to the creation of man:



Read Genesis 1 v 26 to 31

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1 v 26 Then God said, "Let Us make man in Our image, according to Our likeness ... "

At first reading this verse may seem a little odd. You might ask "Why is God referred to as singular all through the chapter except here where God seems to be plural 'Let **us** make man'"? A discussion of this is beyond the scope of these basic study notes – have a look at page 6 of the *Additional Notes* for more details. A simple explanation is that it is the angels who are speaking.

*l* v 26 " ... let them have dominion over the fish of the sea, over the birds of the air, and over the cattle, over all the earth and over every creeping thing that creeps on the earth."

Men and women were given ascendancy over the rest of creation. But this involves responsibility and we have not proved to be very responsible rulers of the planet we have been given. Most of us are well aware of what we are doing to our world.

We see in v 28 that God repeated to mankind the command that He had already given to multiply and fill the earth.

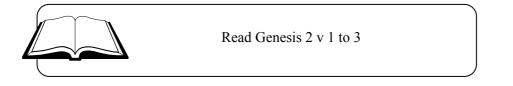
1 v 29 And God said, "See, I have given you every herb that yields seed which is on the face of all the earth, and every tree whose fruit yields seed; to you it shall be for food."

Mankind's food was to be fruit and vegetables. A similar statement is repeated for the animals in verse 30.

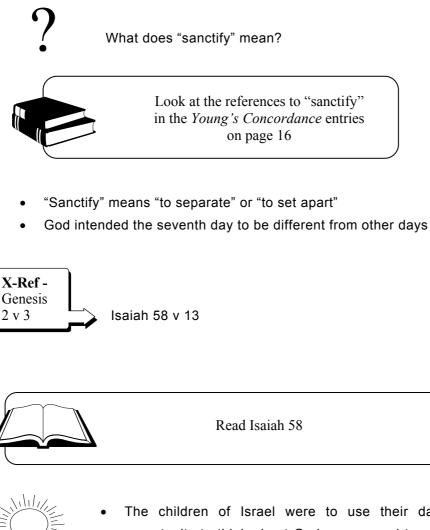
*1 v 31* Then God saw everything that He had made, and indeed it was very good. So the evening and the morning were the sixth day.

The creation was complete and God was satisfied with the work.

#### The seventh day



2 v 3 Then God blessed the seventh day and sanctified it ...



• The children of Israel were to use their day of rest as an opportunity to think about God as opposed to working or enjoying themselves selfishly

There are, of course, a number of different ideas about our responsibility towards sabbath observance today. No-one will deny, however, that at least one day of rest from work per week is a good thing, and believers will want to spend that time to the Learn to glory of God. One of the ways we can do this of course, is to read the Bible!

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Genesis Effectively –

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# Summary of the days of creation

Refere the first	In the basis of the state	The earth was because 1
Before the first	In the beginning God created the	The earth was barren and
day	heavens and the earth.	empty. We are not told how
	The earth was without form, and	it became like that.
	void; and darkness was on the	We are not told how long it
	face of the deep.	continued in that state.
	(Genesis 1 v 1 and 2)	
First day	And the Spirit of God was	The thick cloud cover
	hovering over the face of the	probably reduced to enable
	waters. Then God said, "Let there	the sun's light to be seen on
	be light"; and there was light	the earth resulting in the
	and God divided the light from	start of the day and night
	the darkness. (v 2 to 4)	cycle.
Second day	So God made the expanse and	The water in the clouds
	separated the water under the	separated from the water in
	expanse from the water above it.	the sea with the sky
	And it was so. God called the	between them.
	expanse "sky." (v 7 and 8 NIV)	
Third day	Then God said, "Let the waters	Sea and land were
	be gathered together into one	separated, then the plants
	place, and let the dry land appear"	and trees appeared.
	"Let the earth bring forth	
	grass, the herb that yields seed	
	and the fruit tree according to	
	its kind " (v 9 to 11)	
Fourth day	Then God said, "Let there be	It seems probable that the
	lights in the firmament of the	cloud cover broke for the
	heavens to divide the day from the	first time revealing the sun
	night; and let them be for signs	and moon. The origin of the
	and seasons, and for days and	light which appeared the
	years;" (v 14)	first day could now be
		clearly seen.
Fifth day	Then God said, "Let the waters	Birds and aquatic life were
-	abound with an abundance of	created.
	living creatures, and let birds fly	
	above the earth " (v 20)	
<u> </u>		<u> </u>

Sixth day	Then God said, "Let the earth bring forth the living creature			
	cattle and creeping thing and beast of the earth "	created		
	So God created man in His own			
	image male and female He created them. (v 24 and 27)			
Seventh day	God rested on the seventh day	God intended the seventh		
	(Genesis 2 v 2)	day to be different from		
		other days		

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# **Optional assignment 1**

#### Human beings: a special creation

Have another look at Genesis 1 v 26 and 27. There is a cross-reference from v 26 to Psalm 8 v 6 to 8. Read Psalm 8 and if you have references, you will possibly see a reference to Hebrews 2 v 8. See what you can learn from Psalm 8 and Hebrews 2 in relation to Genesis 1 v 26 and 27.

#### Genesis 1 in the rest of the Bible

If you have a Bible with marginal references, look at some of the references in Genesis 1 and see where they lead you. Write down what you learn from these references.

If you don't have a reference Bible, look at some of these references:

#### Genesis 1

#### Genesis 1

v 1	Psalm 33 v 6; 136 v 5	v 27	Genesis 2 v 18, 21 to 23; 5	v 2
	lsaiah 42 v 5; 45 v 18		Matthew 19 v 4	
	John 1 v 1 to 3		Mark 10 v 6	
	Acts 14 v 15; 17 v 24	v 28	Genesis 9 v 1 and 7	
	Hebrews 11 v 3	v 29	Genesis 9 v 3	
v 3	2 Corinthians 4 v 6		Psalm 104 v 14 and15	
v 6	Psalm 136 v 5		145 v 15 and 16	
	Jeremiah 10 v 12; 51 v 15	v 30	Psalm 147 v 9	
v 7	Proverbs 8 v 27 to 29	v 31	Ecclesiastes 7 v 29	
v 9	Psalm 136 v 6		1 Timothy 4 v 4	
	Jeremiah 5 v 22			
v 14	Ezekiel 32 v 7 and 8			
	Matthew 24 v 29			
	Luke 21 v 25			
	Psalm 104 v 19			
v 16	Deuteronomy 4 v 19			
	Psalm 136 v 7 to 9			
v 18	Jeremiah 31 v 35			
v 21	Psalm 104 v 25 and 26			
v 22	Genesis 8 v 17; 9 v 1			
v 26	1 Corinthians 11 v 7			
	James 3 v 7			Learn to
	Psalm 8 v 6 to 8			Read
				Genesis
				_ Effectively

# Young's Concordance entries

Part entries are given to help in your study.

#### FORM, without -

*A ruin, vacancy, tohu* Gen. 1. 2 And the earth was without form, and Jer. 4. 23 And, lo, (it was) without form and void

#### TOHU

confusion 3 empty place 1 nothing 1 nought 1 thing of nought 1 vanity 4 waste 1 wilderness 2 vain 4 without form 2.

#### VOID, (place, to be or make) -

2. Emptiness, bohu

Gen. 1. 2 And the earth was without form, and void Jer. 4. 23 I beheld the earth ... without form and vo.

#### BOHU

emptiness 1 void 2.

#### SPIRIT -

2. Spirit, wind, ruach

Gen. 1. 2 the spirit of God moved upon the face of

- 6. 3 My spirit shall not always strive with m.
- 41. 8 his spirit was troubled; and he sent and
- 41. 38 Can we find .. a man in whom the spirit of
- 45. 27 the spirit of Jacob their father revived

Exod. 6. 9 they hearkened not .. for anguish of spirit

- 28. 3 whom I have filled with the spirit of wis.
- 31. 3 I have filled him with the spirit of God
- 35. 21 every one whom his spirit made willing
- 35. 31 he hath filled him with the spirit of God

Num. 5. 14 the spirit of jealousy come upon him, and

(+ many more references)

#### SANCTIFY (self) – to

1. To separate, set apart, qadesh

Gen. 2. 3 God blessed the seventh day, and sancti

- Exod 13. 2 Sanctify unto me all the firstborn, what
  - 19. 10 sanctify them today and tomorrow, and
    - 19 14 sanctified the people; and they washed th.
    - 19 23 saying, Set bounds .. and sanctify it

(+ many more references)