



Introduction

Events which lead up to the arrest of Jesus in Gethsemane. Jesus is then given a mock trial by the religious authorities.



Questions

1. What did Jesus say would have been better for the one who would betray him?
2. During the Passover meal, what did Jesus say the bread represents?
3. When did Jesus say he would drink wine again?



Gethsemane, where Jesus went to pray and was arrested (v 32).



Summary Points

- **v 1 to 11** At Bethany (see map), Jesus is anointed after which Judas Iscariot decides to betray him to the religious leaders
- **v 12 to 25** The next day Jesus sends two disciples to prepare the Passover. Later on Jesus celebrates the “last supper” with his disciples establishing a new covenant
- **v 26 to 42** On the way to Gethsemane, Jesus warns his disciples that they will stumble that night. His disciples sleep as he prays that God’s will (see theme) may be done in his forthcoming death
- **v 43 to 52** After Jesus is betrayed by Judas and arrested, the disciples flee
- **v 53 to 59** Jesus is taken to the court of the high priest where witnesses against him don't agree
- **v 60 to 72** Jesus is accused of blasphemy when he agrees that he is the Christ. He is condemned to death. Peter denies he knows him

Timeline AD 30 (see below)



Theme

Jesus does God's will

A selection of verses showing that Jesus always does what God wants.

Jesus tells his disciples that he seeks to obey God rather than please himself:

John 5 verse 30

Jesus says that obeying God sustains him like food:

John 4 verses 31 to 34

At the end of his ministry, he is able to say in prayer that he has done what God asked him:

John 17 verse 4

As he approaches the horrors of his death, Jesus still wants to do God's will:

Matthew 26 verses 36 to 42



Israel in New Testament times

Map showing places in Israel in New Testament times including Bethany.



? Answers to questions

Verses which answer the questions:

Q 1: v 21, Q 2: v 22, Q 3: v 25



Bible timeline

