



Introduction

Paul is brought before the Roman governor Felix (v 2).

Felix hears Paul's case, but won't make a decision. Paul remains a prisoner for two years till Felix is replaced by Festus.



Questions

1. How does Paul summarise to Felix what he was doing?
2. What was it that Paul thought the council had against him?
3. What did Paul reason with Felix about?

Summary Points

Note that from v 7, the verse numbers in the WEBBE version of the Bible on this site are one ahead of most other versions.

- **v 1 to 8 (1 to 9)** Five days later, after arriving at Caesarea from Jerusalem (ch. 23), the Jews accuse Paul in Felix's court. They accuse him of causing trouble and profaning the temple
- **v 9 to 21 (10 to 22)** Paul refutes the charges, citing witnesses, claiming to be guilty only of believing what is written in the Old Testament. He mentions several first-century Christian beliefs (see theme)
- **v 22 to 26 (23 to 27)** Felix has further meetings with Paul, who is held in custody for 2 years. Paul disturbs Felix by talking about right living and judgement to come

Timeline AD 60 (see below)

Theme

First-century Christian beliefs - Acts 24 (preached to a Roman official)

Note that from v 7, the verse numbers in the WEBBE version of the Bible on the website are one ahead of most other versions.

- **v 9 to 22** In his defence to Felix, a Roman official, Paul says that he:
 - v 13 (v 14)** is a follower of the Way - the Christian gospel, and worships the God of the Jews and believes what is written in their prophets
 - v 14 (v 15)** has the same hope as the Jews, believing in the resurrection of just and unjust
 - v 15 (v 16)** tries to keep a clear conscience in his relationship to God and other people



? Answers to questions

Verses which answer the questions:

Q 1: v 14 and 15, Q 2: v 21, Q 3: v 25

Bible Timeline

